AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (Currently Amended) A <u>computer-implemented</u> system that facilitates data compression, comprising the following computer executable components:
- a component that receives an N-dimensional image, where N is any integer from one to infinity; and
- a compression component that utilizes, at least in part, locally-adaptive, lossless palettization to facilitate compression of the N-dimensional image, wherein the lossless palettization comprises: initializing an L size last recently used (LRU) buffer; splitting the N-dimensional image into M x O size macroblocks, where M and O each represent any integer from one to infinity; checking each macroblock line-by-line and pixel-by-pixel; setting masking bits if a line matches a previous line; setting masking bits if a pixel matches a previous pixel; creating a list of all pixel characteristics utilized in non-matching macroblock lines; encoding macroblock lines "as is" if pixel characteristics in non-matching macroblock lines is greater than a threshold value related to the pixel characteristics; encoding a list of used pixel characteristics utilizing, if possible, an index value from the LRU buffer instead of actual characteristic encoding; encoding a sequence of all pixels from non-matching macroblock lines by substituting pixel characteristics with its index value from the list of used pixel characteristics; and adding pixel characteristics from the list of used pixel characteristics; and adding pixel characteristics from the list of used pixel characteristics.
- (Original) The system of claim 1, the N-dimensional image comprising a twodimensional image.
- (Original) The system of claim 1, the compression component employing the locally-adaptive, lossless palettization when characteristics of image data related to the Ndimensional image are equal to or below a threshold value.

- (Original) The system of claim 3, the characteristics of the image data comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of pixel colors and pixel grayscales.
- (Original) The system of claim 4, the threshold value comprising a maximum number of at least one selected from the group consisting of pixel colors and pixel grayscales.
- (Original) The system of claim 1, the compression component optimizing compression of the N-dimensional image by ordering indices representative of image data and reducing indices bit counts as values of indices decrease.
- (Original) The system of claim 1, the compression component further utilizing a
 one-dimensional compression technique to further compress the N-dimensional image.
- (Original) The system of claim 7, the one-dimensional technique comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of LZ77 compression and LZ78 compression.
- (Original) The system of claim 1, the locally-adaptive, lossless palettization comprising, at least in part, splitting the N-dimensional image into macroblocks.
- (Original) The system of claim 9, the locally-adaptive, lossless palettization further comprising, at least in part, further splitting the macroblocks to facilitate compression.
- (Original) The system of claim 1, the locally-adaptive, lossless palettization further comprising a last recently used (LRU) buffer for indexing image data.
- (Original) The system of claim 11, the LRU buffer maintains image data in relative order to facilitate further compression.
- (Original) The system of claim 1, the locally-adaptive, lossless palettization comprising dynamic, locally-adaptive, palettization.

 (Currently Amended) A <u>computer-executable</u> method for facilitating data compression, comprising:

receiving an N-dimensional image, where N is any integer from one to infinity; and utilizing, at least in part, locally-adaptive, lossless palettization to facilitate compression of the N-dimensional image, wherein the lossless palettization comprises

initializing an L size last recently used (LRU) buffer;

splitting the N-dimensional image into M x O size macroblocks, where M and O each represent any integer from one to infinity:

checking each macroblock line-by-line and pixel-by-pixel;

setting masking bits if a line matches a previous line;

setting masking bits if a pixel matches a previous pixel;

creating a list of all pixel characteristics utilized in non-matching macroblock lines; encoding macroblock lines "as is" if pixel characteristics in non-matching

macroblock lines is greater than a threshold value related to the pixel characteristics; encoding a list of used pixel characteristics utilizing, if possible, an index value from the LRU buffer instead of actual characteristic encoding;

encoding a sequence of all pixels from non-matching macroblock lines by substituting pixel characteristics with its index value from the list of used pixel characteristics; and

adding pixel characteristics from the list of used pixel characteristics to the LRU buffer.

- (Original) The method of claim 14, the N-dimensional image comprising a twodimensional image.
 - 16. (Original) The method of claim 14, further comprising: compressing an output of the locally-adaptive, lossless palettization utilizing a onedimensional technique to further reduce redundancies.
- (Original) The method of claim 16, the one-dimensional technique comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of LZ77 compression and LZ78 compression.

- 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 [[18]], further comprising: ordering index values representative of the pixel characteristics from the non-matching macroblock lines in descending order of value; and transmitting the index values, in order, utilizing a reduced set of representation bits derived from, at least in part, a total number of index values for a macroblock, a number of previously transmitted index values, and a value of a last index transmitted.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, the reduced set of representation bits utilizing a bit count determined by:

bit count =
$$\log_2(n+m-k+1)$$
 Eq. (4)

where n is the value of the last index transmitted, m is the number of previously transmitted index values, and k is the total number of index values for the macroblock.

- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 [[18]], the pixel characteristics
 comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of pixel colors and pixel grayscales.
 - (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 [[18]], further comprising: grouping like information to facilitate additional compression.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, the like information comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of sequences of line bits, sequences of macroblock colors, and encoded macroblocks.
 - (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 [[18]], further comprising: ordering encoded data to facilitate additional compression.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 24, ordering encoded data comprising sequencing index values from greater to lesser values such that each successive transmission of information requires fewer bits to be transmitted.

- 26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 [[18]], the M x O size macroblocks comprising 8 x 32 pixel size macroblocks.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 [[18]], the L size LRU buffer comprising a 256 pixel size LRU buffer.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 [[18]], the threshold value comprising a value of approximately 16.
- (Currently Amended) A <u>computer-executable</u> system that facilitates data compression, comprising <u>the following means stored in a memory</u>:

means for obtaining an N-dimensional image; and

means for utilizing, at least in part, locally adaptive, lossless palettization to facilitate in compressing the N-dimensional image, utilizing lossless palettization by initializing an L size last recently used (LRU) buffer; splitting the N-dimensional image into M x O size macroblocks, where M and O each represent any integer from one to infinity; checking each macroblock line-by-line and pixel-by-pixel; setting masking bits if a line matches a previous line; setting masking bits if a pixel matches a previous pixel; creating a list of all pixel characteristics utilized in non-matching macroblock lines; encoding macroblock lines "as is" if pixel characteristics in non-matching macroblock lines is greater than a threshold value related to the pixel characteristics; encoding a list of used pixel characteristics utilizing, if possible, an index value from the LRU buffer instead of actual characteristic encoding; encoding a sequence of all pixels from non-matching macroblock lines by substituting pixel characteristics with its index value from the list of used pixel characteristics; and adding pixel characteristics from the list of used pixel characteristics to the LRU buffer.

30. (Cancelled)

 (Original) A computer readable medium having stored thereon computer executable components of the system of claim 1.

- 32 (Original) A device employing the method of claim 14 comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of a computer, a server, and a handheld electronic device.
- 33. (Original) A device employing the system of claim 1 comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of a computer, a server, and a handheld electronic device.